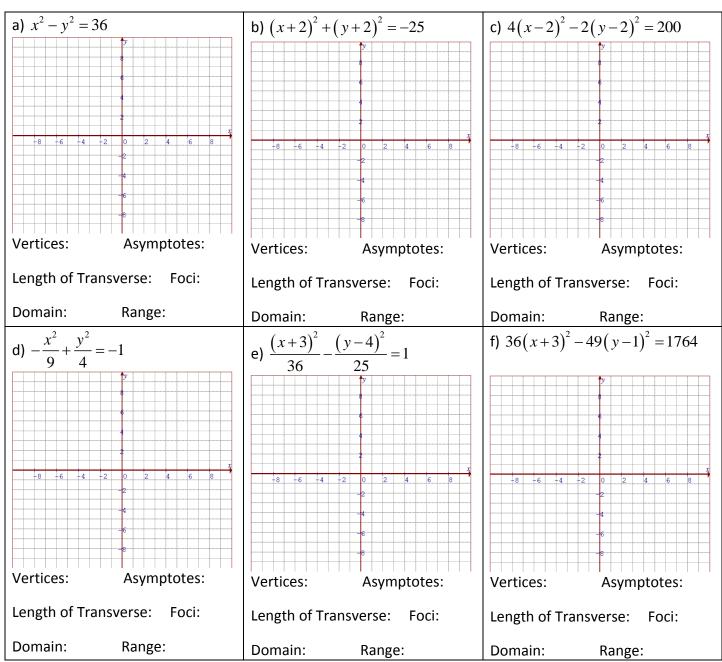
Math 10/11 Enriched: Section 7.3 Graphing Hyperbolas

1. Given each equation below, graph it on the grid provided:



2. Given each equation in general form, find the equation of the asymptote, location of the foci, and the equation in standard form:

$$2x^{2}-3y^{2}+4x-4=0$$

$$4x^{2}-3y^{2}+8x-9y+16=0$$

$9x^2 - 4y^2 + 54x + 45 = 0$	$4x^2 - 3y^2 - 12x - 12y + 11 = 0$	

3. Given the diagram of each hyperbola, provide an equation that describes it:

4. Given

- Given rectangle PQRS, with P(2,5), Q(-5,5), S(2,-1), and R(-5,-1), find the equation of the hyperbola whose asymptotes are the diagonals of the rectangle and is tangent to sides PQ and RS.
 (y-2)²/9 - (x+3/2)/9 = 1
 - 4. Given rectangle PQRS with P(2,5) Q(-5,5), S(2,-1) and R(-5,-1) find the equation of the hyperbola whose asymptotes are diagonals of the rectangle and is tangent to sides PQ and RS
 - 5. What are the coordinates, in the form of (x,y) of the center of the hyperbola with equation

$$4x^2 - 2y^2 - 16x + 20y = 0$$

What is the distance between the foci of the hyperbola:
$$\frac{(x-3)^2}{16} - \frac{(y-6)^2}{9} = 1$$

- 1. State the coordinates of the vertices, the length of the transverse axis, and the equations of the asymptotes of the rectangular hyperbola defined by each equation:
- 2. The coordinates of one vertex of a rectangular hyperbola are given. The centre is (0,0). Write an equation of each rectangular hyperbola:
- 3. Sketch the graphs of these relations on the same grid if possible:

a) $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ b) $x^2 + y^2 = 0$ c) $x^2 + y^2 = -9$

- 4. Considering the equation $Ax^2 + By^2 + C = 0$. What coordinates must be satisfied by A, B, and C for this equation to represent each of the following conics:
 - a. A circle with centre at the origin
 - b. A rectangular hyperbola with the centre at the origin and vertices on the X-axis
 - c. A rectangular hyperbola with the centre at the origin and vertices on the Y-axis

5.